



# SPECTRUM

SYSTEMENTWICKLUNG MICROELECTRONIC GMBH

## M3i.21xx - 8 bit transient recorder up to 1 GS/s

- Up to 1 GS/s on one channel or 500 MS/s on two channels
- Simultaneously sampling on all channels
- Separate monolithic ADC and amplifier per channel
- 8 input ranges:  $\pm 50$  mV up to  $\pm 10$  V
- Programmable input offset  $\pm 100\%$
- Up to 4 GSample (4 GByte) on-board memory
- 256 MSample standard memory installed
- Window, re-arm, OR/AND trigger
- Synchronization of up to 8 cards per system
- Options: Multiple Recording, Timestamps

Speed	SNR	ENOB
500 MS/s	up to 46.0 dB	up to 7.3 LSB
1 GS/s	up to 44.9 dB	up to 7.2 LSB



- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 66 MHz 32 bit PCI-X interface</li> <li>• 5V / 3.3V PCI compatible</li> <li>• 100% compatible to conventional PCI &gt; V2.1</li> <li>• Sustained streaming mode up to 245 MB/s</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2,5 GBit x1 PCIe Interface</li> <li>• Works with x1/x4/x8/x16* PCIe slots</li> <li>• Software compatible to PCI</li> <li>• Sustained streaming mode up to 160 MB/s</li> </ul> |
|---|--|

<u>Operating Systems</u>	<u>Recommended Software</u>	<u>Drivers</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Windows 2k, XP, Vista, 7</li> <li>• Linux Kernel 2.4 + 2.6</li> <li>• Windows/Linux 32 and 64 bit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visual Basic, Visual C++, Borland C++ Builder, GNU C++, Borland Delphi, VB.NET, C#, J#, Python</li> <li>• SBench 6</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MATLAB</li> <li>• LabVIEW</li> <li>• LabWindows/CVI</li> <li>• Agilent VEE</li> </ul>

Model	1 channel	2 channels
M3i.2120	500 MS/s	
M3i.2122	500 MS/s	250 MS/s
M3i.2130	1 GS/s	
M3i.2132	1 GS/s	500 MS/s

### General Information

The 4 models of the M3i.21xx series are designed for the very fast data acquisition. Each of the input channels has its own monolithic A/D converter and its own programmable input amplifier. This allows to record signals simultaneously on both channels with 8 bit resolution without any phase delay between them. The extremely large on-board memory allows long time recording even with the highest sampling rates. All boards of the M3i.21xx series may use the whole installed on-board memory for the currently activated number of channels. A FIFO mode is also integrated on the board. This allows the acquisition of data continuously for online processing or for data storage to hard disk.

\*Some x16 PCIe slots are for the use of graphic cards only and can not be used for other cards.

## Software Support

### Windows drivers

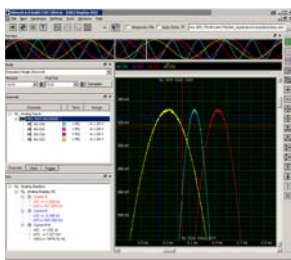
The cards are delivered with drivers for Windows 2000, XP, XP64, Vista and Vista64 as well as Windows 7. Programming examples for Visual C++, Borland C++ Builder, LabWindows/CVI, Borland Delphi, Visual Basic, VB.NET, C# and J# are included.

### Linux Drivers



All cards are delivered with full Linux support. Pre compiled kernel modules are included for the most common distributions like RedHat, Fedora, Suse or Debian. The Linux support includes SMP systems, 32 bit and 64 bit systems, versatile programming examples for Gnu C++ as well as the possibility to get the driver sources for own compilation.

### SBench 6



A base licence of SBench 6 the easy-to-use graphical operating software for the Spectrum cards is included in the delivery. Using the base license it is possible to test the card and to show acquired data. There are also some basic measurement functions included in the base license. The card comes with a demo license for the professional

version giving the user the opportunity to test the features of the professional version with the new hardware. Existing customers have the opportunity to request a demo license for the professional version at Spectrum. The professional version contains several new measurement functions, FFT, import and export (including MATLAB and ASCII) as well as the streaming modes. The data streaming modes allow to continuously acquire data to hard disk. SBench 6 has been optimized to handle data files of several GByte. More details on SBench 6 are found in the dedicated SBench 6 data sheet. The version 6 is running under Windows as well as under Linux (KDE and GNOME). A test version of SBench 6 is freely available in the internet. This test version will also operate with demo cards and can be tested as Professional version without any hardware installed.

### Third-party products

A lot of third-party products are supported as an option. Choose between LabVIEW, MATLAB and Agilent VEE. All drivers come with examples and detailed documentation.

## Hardware features and options

### PCI/PCI-X



The cards with PCI/PCI-X bus connector use 32 Bit and up to 66 MHz clock rate for data transfer. They are 100% compatible to Conventional PCI > V2.1. The universal interface allows the use in PCI slots with 5 V I/O and 3.3 V I/O voltages as well as in PCI-

X or PCI 64 slots. The maximum sustained data transfer rate is 245 MByte/s per bus segment.

### PCI Express



The cards with PCI Express use a x1 PCIe connector. They can be used in PCI Express x1/x4/x8/x16 slots, except special graphic card slots, and are 100% software compatible to Conventional PCI > V2.1. The maxi-

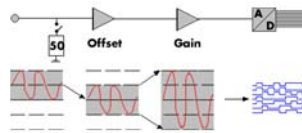
mum sustained data transfer rate is 160 MByte/s per slot.

### SMA connectors



As an alternative to the standard SMB and MMCX connections the card can also be equipped with SMA connectors. The SMA connections are available for the analog input signals as well as for two of the additional connections. These connections must be defined on the purchase order and can be a selection of: Trig-In, Trig-Out, Multi-Purpose X0, Clk-In, Clk-Out.

### Input Amplifier



The analog inputs can be adapted to real world signals using a wide variety of settings that are individual for each channel. By using software commands the input termination can be changed

between 50 Ohm and 1 MOhm, one can select a matching input range and the signal offset can be compensated for.

### Software selectable input path

For each of the analog channels the user has the choice between two analog input paths, both offering the highest flexibility when it comes to input ranges. The „Buffered“ path has a fixed 1 MOhm termination, that allows to connect standard oscilloscope probes to the card. The „50 Ohm“ path on the other hand provides the highest bandwidth and the best signal integrity having a fixed 50 Ohm termination.

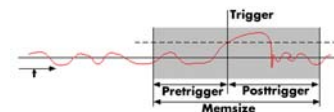
### Software selectable lowpass filter

Each analog channel contains a software selectable low-pass filter to limit the input bandwidth. Reducing the analog input bandwidth results in a lower total noise and can be useful especially with low voltage input signals.

### Automatic on-board calibration

All of the channels are calibrated in factory before the board is shipped. To compensate for different variations like PC power supply, temperature and aging, the software driver provides routines for an automatic onboard offset and gain calibration of all input ranges of the „Buffered“ path. All the cards contain a high precision on-board calibration reference.

### Ring buffer mode



The ring buffer mode is the standard mode of all oscilloscope boards. Data is written in a ring memory of the board until a trigger event is

detected. After the event the posttrigger values are recorded. Because of this continuously recording into a ring buffer there are also samples prior to the trigger event visible: Pretrigger = Memsiz - Posttrigger.

### FIFO mode

The FIFO mode is designed for continuous data transfer between measurement board and PC memory (up to 245 MB/s on a PCI-X slot, up to 125 MB/s on a PCI slot and up to 160 MB/s on a PCIe slot) or hard disk. The control of the data stream is done automatically by the driver on interrupt request. The complete installed on-board memory is used for buffer data, making the continuous streaming extremely reliable.

### Channel trigger

The data acquisition boards offer a wide variety of trigger modes. Besides the standard signal checking for level and edge as known from oscilloscopes it's also possible to define a window trigger. All trigger modes can be combined with a re-arming mode (for accu-

rate trigger recognition on noisy signals) the AND/OR conjunction of different trigger events is possible.

### External trigger input

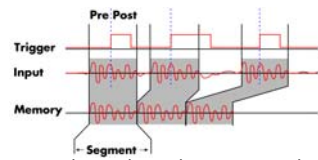
All boards can be triggered using an external analog or digital signal. It's possible to use positive or negative edge. As two analog comparators are used, one can also define a window trigger, a hysteresis trigger or a re-arm trigger.

### Universal Multi-Purpose I/Os



All M3i cards offer two universal multi-purpose I/O lines, which can be separately programmed as either input or output. These lines can be used as additional TTL trigger inputs for more complex trigger conditions. When used as outputs, these lines can be used to output card status signals like trigger-armed or to output the trigger to synchronize external equipment.

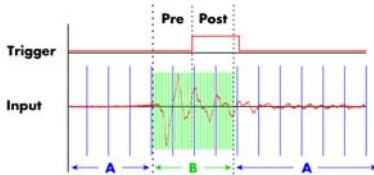
### Multiple Recording



The Multiple Recording option allows the recording of several trigger events with an extremely short re-arming time. The hardware doesn't need to be restarted in between.

The on-board memory is divided in several segments of the same size. Each of them is filled with data if a trigger event occurs. Pre- and posttrigger of the segments can be programmed. The number of acquired segments is only limited by the used memory and is unlimited when using FIFO mode.

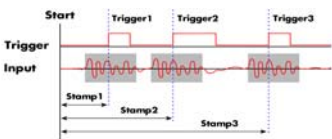
### ABA mode



The optional ABA mode combines slow continuous data recording with fast acquisition on trigger events. The ABA mode works like a slow data logger combined with a fast digitizer. The

exact position of the trigger events is stored as timestamps in an extra memory.

### Timestamp

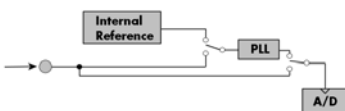


The timestamp option writes the time positions of the trigger events in an extra memory. The timestamps are relative to the start of recording, a defined zero time, externally synchronised to a radio clock, or a GPS receiver. With this option acquisitions of systems on different locations can be set in a precise time relation.

### External clock input and output

Using a dedicated connector a sampling clock can be fed in from an external system. Additionally it's also possible to output the internally used sampling clock on a separate connector to synchronize external equipment to this clock.

### Reference clock



The option to use a precise external reference clock (normally 10 MHz) is necessary to synchronize the board for high-quality measurements with external equipment (like a signal source). It's also possible to enhance the quality of the sampling clock in this way.

The driver automatically generates the requested sampling clock from the fed in reference clock.

### Star-Hub



The star-hub is an additional module allowing the phase stable synchronisation of up to 8 boards of a kind in one system. Independent of the number of boards there is no phase delay between all channels. The star-hub distributes trigger and clock information between all boards. As a result all connected boards are running with the same clock and the same trigger. All trigger sources can be combined with a logical OR allowing all channels of all cards to be trigger source at the same time.

### BaseXIO (enhanced timestamps)



The BaseXIO option offers 8 asynchronous digital I/O lines on the base card, which are available on a separate bracket as SMB connectors. The direction can be selected by software in groups of four.

In addition one of the I/O lines can be used as reference clock for the Timestamp counter.

### External Amplifiers



For the acquisition of extremely small voltage levels with a high bandwidth a series of external amplifiers is available. Each of the one channel amplifiers is working with a fixed input impedance and allows - depending on the bandwidth - to select different amplification levels between x10 (20 dB) up to

x1 000 (60 dB). Using the external amplifiers of the SPA series voltage levels in the uV and mV area can be acquired.

## Technical Data

### Analog Inputs

Resolution	8 bit
Differential non linearity (DNL)	≤ 0.6 LSB (ADC)
Integral non linearity (INL)	≤ 1.0 LSB (ADC)
Programmable input offset	± 100% of current input range
Connector (analog inputs)	3 mm SMB male
Crosstalk sine signal ±1V, buffered path	-75 dB @ 100 MHz sine signal
Crosstalk sine signal ±1V, 50 ohm path	-75 dB @ 100 MHz sine signal
Crosstalk sine signal ±1V, 50 ohm path	-55 dB @ 250 MHz sine signal
20 MHz BW Filter Characteristics	3rd order Butterworth

### Input Path

	50 ohm path 1	Buffered path 0
Input impedance	fixed 50 Ohm	50 Ohm, 1 MOhm    25 pF
Max input @ 50 Ohm (> ±1 V range)	5 Vrms	n.a.
Max input @ 50 Ohm (≤ ±1 V range)	3.5 Vrms	n.a.
Max input @ 1 MOhm (> ±1 V range)	n.a.	±30 V
Max input @ 1 MOhm (≤ ±1 V range)	n.a.	±5 V
Max DC voltage if AC coupling active	±30 V DC level	±30 V DC level
Relative input stage delay	0 ns	2.5 ns
Input ranges	±50 mV, ±100 mV, ±250 mV, ±500 mV, ±1 V, ±2 V, ±5 V, ±10 V	
Offset Error after warm-up + calibration	≤0.5% of range	≤0.5% of range
Gain Error after warm-up + calibration	≤1.0% of range	≤0.5% of range

### Trigger

Multiple Recording: re-arming time	≤ 64 Samples
Max Pretrigger at standard mode	up to full memsize
Max Pretrigger at Multi and FIFO	16384 Samples as sum of all active channels
Internal trigger accuracy	1 Sample
Channel trigger resolution	8 bits
Trigger output delay	261 sampling clock cycles (after trigger input)
External trigger type (Ext0)	Analog window comparator
Programmable trigger levels (Ext0)	2 levels +/- 5V in steps of 1 mV
Minimum trigger pulse width	≥ 2 clock periods
Ext. trigger connector (Ext0)	MMCX female
Ext. trigger max voltage 1 MOhm (Ext0)	±30 V
Ext. trigger max voltage 50 Ohm (Ext0)	5V rms
Ext. trigger impedance (Ext0)	50 Ohm / 1 MOhm    25 pF
External trigger accuracy (All)	2 Samples > 500 MS/s; 1 Sample (≤ 500 MS/s)
Trigger output	see multi purpose I/O lines below

### Power consumption (max speed)

	PCI / PCI-X		PCI EXPRESS	
	3,3 V	5 V	3,3 V	12 V
M3i.212x (256 MS memory)	2.0 A	2.3 A	0.4 A	1.9 A
M3i.21x2 (256 MS memory)	2.3 A	2.3 A	0.4 A	2.0 A
M3i.21x2 (4 GS memory), max. power	2.4 A	3.3 A	0.4 A	2.7 A

### Max channels with Star-Hub

	SH4	SH8
M3i.21x0	4	8
M3i.21x2	8	16

### BaseXIO (Option)

BaseXIO Connector (extra bracket)	8 x SMB male (8 x MMCX female internal)
BaseXIO input	TTL compatible: Low ≤ 0.8 V, High ≥ 2.0 V
BaseXIO input impedance	4.7 kOhm towards 3.3 V
BaseXIO input maximum voltage	-0.5 V up to +5.5 V
BaseXIO output levels	TTL compatible: Low ≤ 0.4 V, High ≥ 2.4 V
BaseXIO output drive strength	32 mA maximum current

### Multi purpose digital I/O

No of multi purpose lines	two: (X0 = Ext1), (X1 = Ext2)
Connector Type	MMCX female
Input: available input signals	Additional TTL trigger, async input
Input: input impedance	10 kOhm towards 3.3 V
Input: maximum voltage	-0.3 V up to +5.5 V
Input: input voltage level	Low ≤ 0.8 V, High ≥ 2.0 V
Input: minimum pulse width	≥ 2 clock periods
Output: available output signals	trigger, arm, run, async output
Output: output impedance	50 Ohm
Output: output levels (into high Z)	Low ≤ 0.4 V, High ≥ 2.4 V
Output: output type	TTL compatible for high-impedance loads
Output: output drive strength	Capable of driving 50 Ohm load

### Clock

Internal clock range	22.5 MHz to max (see table below)
Internal clock accuracy	max. ± 32 ppm
Internal clock setup granularity	1 Hz
Clock range gaps (internal and external)	70 to 72, 140 to 144, 281 to 287 MHz
External clock input connector/coupling	MMCX female, AC coupled
External clock input termination	50 Ohm fixed
Reference clock: external clock range	≥ 10.0 MHz and ≤ 1.0 GHz (fix @ runtime)
Sampling clock from ref clock range	10 MHz to max (see table below)
Sampling clock from ref clock granularity	1 kHz
External clock delay to internal ADC clock	3.7 ns (8.2 ns at synchronized cards)
External clock input type	single-ended, sine wave or square wave
External clock min input swing	0.3 V peak peak
External clock maximum voltage	3.0 V peak peak
External clock duty cycle requirement	40% to 60%
External clock output connector/coupling	MMCX female, AC coupled
External clock output type	single-ended, 3.3V LVPECL
External clock output drive strength	Capable of driving 50 ohm load

### Environmental and Physical details

Dimension (PCB only)	312 mm x 107 mm (full PCI length)
Width (Standard or star-hub 4)	1 full size slot
Width (star-hub 8)	2 full size slots
Width (with BaseXIO)	1 full size slots + 1 half size slot
Weight (plain card)	320 g
Weight (plain card + option SH4)	380 g
Weight (plain card + option SH8)	400 g
Warm up time	10 minutes
Operating temperature	0°C - 50°C
Storage temperature	-10°C - 70°C
Humidity	10% to 90%

### PCI / PCI-X specific details

PCI / PCI-X bus slot type	32 bit 33/66 MHz
PCI / PCI-X bus slot compatibility	32/64 bit, 33-133 MHz, 3,3 and 5 V I/O

### PCI EXPRESS specific details

PCIe slot type	x1
PCIe slot compatibility	x1/x4/x8/x16*

\*Some x16 PCIe slots are for graphic cards only and can not be used for other cards.

### Software programmable parameters

Input Ranges (Buffered path or 50 Ohm path)	±50mV, ±100mV, ±250mV, ±500mV, ±1V, ±2V, ±5V, ±10V
Analog input impedance	50 Ohm / 1M Ohm
Analog input coupling	AC / DC
Analog bandwidth limit filter	on/off
Clock mode	Internal, external reference clock, sync
External trigger impedance	50 Ohm / 1 MOhm
External trigger coupling	AC / DC
Trigger mode	Ch0, Ch1, Ext0(Analog), Ext1/2(TTL), SW
Enhanced trigger	Window, Re-Arm, Or/And, Delay
Trigger level (channel)	8 bit resolution relating to input range
Trigger level (Ext0)	1 mV resolution: -5000 mV to +5000 mV
Trigger edge (channel + external)	Rising edge, falling edge or both edges
Trigger delay	0 to 64G samples in steps of 16 samples
External trigger (Ext0) coupling	AC/DC
External trigger (Ext0) impedance	50 Ohm / 1M Ohm
Memory depth	32 up to [installed memory / number of active channels] in steps of 16
Posttrigger	16 up to 8 GSamples in steps of 16
Multiple Recording segment size	32 up to [installed memory / 2 / active channels] in steps of 32
Multiple Recording pretrigger	16 up to [16k samples / number of active channels]

### Certifications, Compliances, Warranty

EMC Immunity	Compliant with CE Mark
EMC Emission	Compliant with CE Mark
Product warranty	2 years starting with the day of delivery
Software and firmware updates	Life-time, free of charge

### Option SMA connectors

Available signals for SMA XA	One of Trig-In, Trig-Out, Multi Purpose X0
Available signals for SMA XB	One of Clk-In, Clk-Out, Trig-In

	M3i.2120	M3i.2122	M3i.2130	M3i.2132
max internal clock (1 channel active)	500 MS/s	500 MS/s	1 GS/s	1 GS/s
max internal clock (2 channels active)	n.a.	250 MS/s	n.a.	500 MS/s
lower bandwidth limit (DC coupling)	0 Hz	0 Hz	0 Hz	0 Hz
lower bandwidth limit (AC coupled, 50 Ohm)	<30 kHz	<30 kHz	<30 kHz	<30 kHz
lower bandwidth limit (AC coupled, 1 MOhm)	<2 Hz	<2 Hz	<2 Hz	<2 Hz
-3 dB bandwidth (buffered path)	150 MHz	150 MHz	200 MHz	200 MHz
-3 dB bandwidth (50 ohm path)	250 MHz	250 MHz	500 MHz	500 MHz
-3 dB bandwidth (BW limit enabled)	20 MHz	20 MHz	20 MHz	20 MHz

## Dynamic Parameters

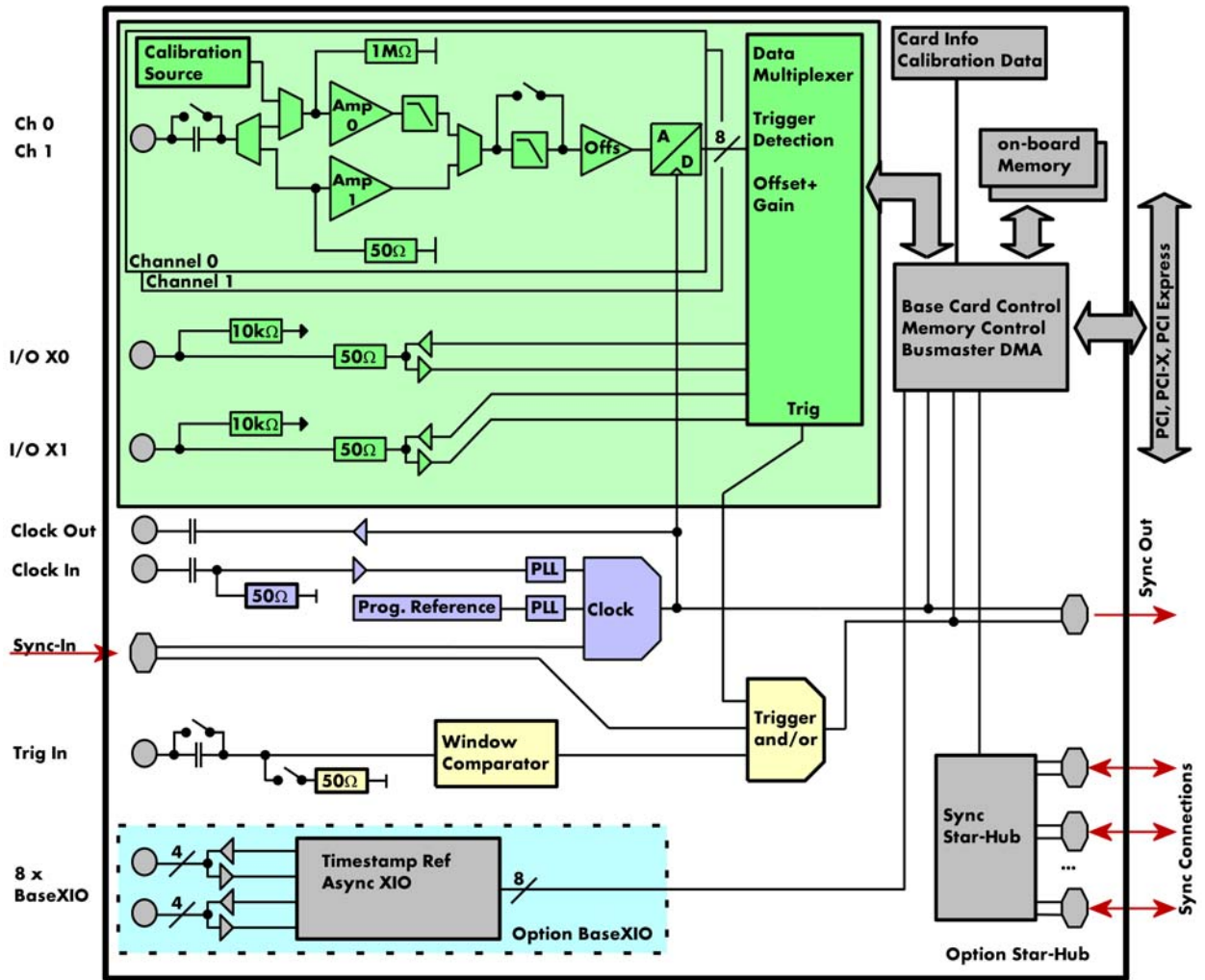
	M3i.2130 and M3i.2132, 1 channel 1 GS/s (bandwidth 500 MHz)											
	HF path, AC coupled, fixed 50 Ohm, full BW						Buffered path, BW limit			Buffered path, full BW		
	9 MHz						9 MHz			9 MHz		
Test signal frequency												
Input Range	±50mV	±100mV	±250mV	±500mV	±500mV	±500mV	±50mV	±250mV	±1V	±500mV	±500mV	±500mV
RMS Noise (zero level)	<0.5						<0.5			<0.4		
THD (typ) (dB)	54.1	54.0	54.1	54.2	54.2	54.3	53.8	54.1	53.8	54.1	54.4	52.5
SNR (typ) (dB)	44.5	44.8	44.9	44.9	44.7	44.6	44.3	44.6	43.5	44.4	44.7	43.9
SFDR (typ), excl. harm. (dB)	62.4	63.4	64.3	62.7	59.5	56.4	62.1	62.9	50.7	53.1	54.5	52.2
SFDR (typ), incl. harm. (dB)	55.3	55.2	55.1	55.3	55.8	56.2	55.4	55.0	50.6	53.0	54.3	52.1
SINAD/THD+N (typ) (dB)	44.0	44.2	44.2	44.2	44.2	44.1	43.9	44.1	43.0	43.9	44.1	43.4
ENOB based on SINAD (bit)	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.9
ENOB based on SNR (bit)	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.0

	M3i.2132, 2 channels 500 MS/s (bandwidth 500 MHz)											
	HF path, AC coupled, fixed 50 Ohm, full BW						Buffered path, BW limit			Buffered path, full BW		
	9 MHz						9 MHz			9 MHz		
Test signal frequency												
Input Range	±50mV	±100mV	±250mV	±500mV	±500mV	±500mV	±50mV	±250mV	±1V	±500mV	±500mV	±500mV
RMS Noise (zero level)	<0.5						<0.6			<0.5		
THD (typ) (dB)	55.5	55.6	55.4	55.5	55.1	54.9	54.7	55.1	55.0	55.4	55.6	53.0
SNR (typ) (dB)	44.6	45.1	45.0	45.1	45.0	44.9	44.7	45.0	44.7	44.9	45.2	45.3
SFDR (typ), excl. harm. (dB)	64.5	65.5	64.3	65.6	65.3	62.3	64.0	64.9	65.2	65.4	64.7	64.9
SFDR (typ), incl. harm. (dB)	58.8	58.9	58.8	59.0	58.5	56.7	57.9	58.1	58.3	58.2	58.9	56.3
SINAD/THD+N (typ) (dB)	44.3	44.8	44.6	44.7	44.6	44.4	44.3	44.6	44.3	44.9	44.8	44.6
ENOB based on SINAD (bit)	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.1
ENOB based on SNR (bit)	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.2

	M3i.2120 and M3i.2122, 1 channel 500 MS/s or 2 channels 250 MS/s (bandwidth 250 MHz)											
	HF path, AC coupled, fixed 50 Ohm, full BW						Buffered path, BW limit			Buffered path, full BW		
	9 MHz						9 MHz			9 MHz		
Test signal frequency												
Input Range	±50mV	±100mV	±250mV	±500mV	±500mV	±500mV	±50mV	±250mV	±1V	±500mV	±500mV	±500mV
RMS Noise (zero level) (LSB)	<0.4						<0.5			<0.4		
THD (typ) (dB)	52.7	52.8	52.5	53.1	51.7	52.8	53.0	53.3	53.1	53.1	62.4	50.4
SNR (typ) (dB)	45.7	45.9	45.9	46.0	46.1	45.8	45.1	45.6	45.0	45.7	45.7	45.4
SFDR (typ), excl. harm. (dB)	61.3	61.0	63.0	61.2	64.4	60.8	60.2	61.5	60.5	61.4	63.5	60.3
SFDR (typ), incl. harm. (dB)	52.7	52.6	52.5	52.8	52.6	53.7	53.3	53.2	53.0	53.0	53.3	53.0
SINAD/THD+N (typ) (dB)	45.0	45.1	45.0	45.2	45.0	45.0	44.5	45.0	44.4	44.4	44.8	44.2
ENOB based on SINAD (bit)	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.1
ENOB based on SNR (bit)	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.3

A pure sine wave with > 99% amplitude of input range is measured with 50 ohms termination. SNR and RMS noise parameters may differ depending on the quality of the used PC. SNR = Signal to Noise Ratio, THD = Total Harmonic Distortion, SFDR = Spurious Free Dynamic Range, SINAD = Signal Noise and Distortion, ENOB = Effective Number of Bits. For a detailed description please see application note 002.

# Hardware block diagram



## Order Information

### PCI/PCI-X

Order no.	Standard mem	1 channel	2 channels
M3i.2120	256 MByte	500 MS/s	
M3i.2122	256 MByte	500 MS/s	250 MS/s
M3i.2130	256 MByte	1 GS/s	
M3i.2132	256 MByte	1 GS/s	500 MS/s

### PCI Express

Order no.	Standard mem	1 channel	2 channels
M3i.2120-exp	256 MByte	500 MS/s	
M3i.2122-exp	256 MByte	500 MS/s	250 MS/s
M3i.2130-exp	256 MByte	1 GS/s	
M3i.2132-exp	256 MByte	1 GS/s	500 MS/s

### Memory

Order no.	Option
M3i.xxxx-512MB	Memory upgrade to 512 MB of total memory
M3i.xxxx-1GB	Memory upgrade to 1 GB of total memory
M3i.xxxx-2GB	Memory upgrade to 2 GB of total memory
M3i.xxxx-4GB	Memory upgrade to 4 GB of total memory

### Options

Order no.	Option
M3i.xxxx-mr	Option Multiple Recording
M3i.xxxx-mt	Option pack including Multiple Recording, Timestamp
M3i.xxxx-mtab	Option pack including Multiple Recording, Timestamp, ABA mode
M3i.xxxx-SH4	Synchronization Star-Hub for up to 4 cards, only 1 slot width
M3i.xxxx-SH8	Synchronization Star-Hub for up to 8 cards, 2 slots width
M3i.xxxx-bxio	Option BaseXIO: 8 digital I/O lines usable as asynchronous I/O and timestamp ref-clock, additional bracket with 8 SMB connectors
M3i.xxxx-SMA	Option SMA connections for analog inputs + two signals of Clock-In, Clock-Out, Trig-In, Trig-Out, X0
M3i-upgrade	Upgrade for M3i.xxxx: later installation of option -bxio or SMA connectors

### Cables

for Connections	Connection	Length	Order no.			
			to BNC male	to BNC female	to SMA male	to SMA female
Standard inputs	SMB female	80 cm	Cab-3f-9m-80	Cab-3f-9f-80	Cab-3f-3mA-80	Cab-3f-3fA-80
Standard inputs	SMB female	200 cm	Cab-3f-9m-200	Cab-3f-9f-200	Cab-3f-3mA-200	Cab-3f-3fA-200
Probes (short)	SMB female	5 cm		Cab-3f-9f-5		
Trigger/Clock/Extra	MMCX male	80 cm	Cab-1m-9m-80	Cab-1m-9f-80	Cab-1m-3mA-80	Cab-1m-3fA-80
Trigger/Clock/Extra	MMCX male	200 cm	Cab-1m-9m-200	Cab-1m-9f-200	Cab-1m-3mA-200	Cab-1m-3fA-200
SMA Option	SMA male	80 cm	Cab-3mA-9m-80	Cab-3mA-9f-80		
SMA Option	SMA male	200 cm	Cab-3mA-9m-200	Cab-3mA-9f-200		

### Amplifiers

Order no.	Bandwidth	Input Impedance	Coupling	Amplification
SPA.1601 (2)	500 MHz	50 Ohm	DC	x10 (20 dB)
SPA.1412 (2)	200 MHz	1 MOhm	AC/DC	x10/x100 (20/40 dB)
SPA.1411 (2)	200 MHz	50 Ohm	AC/DC	x10/x100 (20/40 dB)
SPA.1232 (2)	10 MHz	1 MOhm	AC/DC	x100/x1000 (40/60 dB)
SPA.1231 (2)	10 MHz	50 Ohm	AC/DC	x100/x1000 (40/60 dB)
SPA.PW1-120 (2)	External power supply for all SPA amplifiers with 120 VAC, type A (US, Japan) connector			
SPA.PW1-230 (2)	External power supply for all SPA amplifiers with 230 VAC, type C (European) connector			
Information	External Amplifiers with one channel, BNC connections, manually adjustable offset, manually switch between settings. A power supply need to be ordered for each amplifier!			

### Drivers

Order no.	Option
M3i.xxxx-ml	MATLAB driver for all M3i and M3i Express cards
M3i.xxxx-lv	LabVIEW driver for all M3i and M3i Express cards
M3i.21xx-vee	Agilent VEE driver for all M3i.21xx cards

### SBench6

Order no.	
SBench6	Base version which support standard mode for one card
SBench6-Pro	Professional version for one card: FIFO mode, export/import, calculation functions
SBench6-Multi	Option multiple cards: needs Professional version. Handles multiple synchronized cards in one system.
Volume Licenses	Please ask Spectrum for details.

(1) : Just one of the options can be installed on a card at a time.

(2) : Third party product with warranty differing from our export conditions. No volume rebate possible.

Technical changes and printing errors possible